UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022

Fort	ne quarterly period ended Septe	mber 30, 2022	
	OR		
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT	TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE	ACT OF 1934
For the	ransition period from	to	
	Commission file number: 001	-41184	
	RKSPUR HEALTH ACQUISIT		
·	t name of registrant as specified		
Delaware (State on the winning in the control of th		86-2685744	
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number	r)
100 Somerset Corporate Blvd., 2 nd Fl	oor		
Bridgewater, New Jersey		08807	
(Address of principal executive office	es)	(Zip Code)	
Registrant's t	elephone number, including are	a code: (609) 310-0722	
Securition	es registered pursuant to Section	12(b) of the Act:	
Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange	
Units, each consisting of one share of Class A Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value, and three- fourths of one Redeemable Warrant	LSPRU	The Nasdaq Stoc	k Market LLC
Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	LSPR	The Nasdaq Stoc	k Market LLC
Redeemable Warrants, each whole warrant exercisable for one share of Class A Common Stock at an exercise price of \$11.50	LSPRW	The Nasdaq Stoc	k Market LLC
Class B Common Stock, \$0.0001 per share	[]	l ,	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has full during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter per requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square			
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has substracted Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the property No \square			
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large emerging growth company. See definition of "large according 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.			
Large accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer ⋈ Emerging growth company ⋈		Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company	
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark or revised financial accounting standards provided pursu	_		or complying with any new
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sa issued its audit report. \Box			
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell of	company (as defined in Rule 12b-2	2 of the Exchange Act). Yes \boxtimes No \square	
As of November 14, 2022 there were 8,087,431 shares Class B common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of the stock of the			0 shares of the Company's

FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		PAGE
PART I - FINA	ANCIAL INFORMATION	1
ITEM 1.	Condensed Financial Statements	1
	Condensed Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2022 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2021	1
	Condensed Statements of Operations (Unaudited) for the Three and Nine Months ended September 30, 2022, for the Three Months ended September 30, 2021 and for the Period from March 17, 2021 (inception) Through September 30, 2021	2
	Condensed Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Deficit (Unaudited) for the Nine Months ended September 30, 2022 and the Period from March 17, 2021 (inception) Through September 30, 2021	3
	Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months ended September 30, 2022 and for the Period from March 17, 2021 (inception) Through September 30, 2021	4
	Notes to Unaudited Condensed Financial Statements	5
ITEM 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	17
ITEM 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	22
ITEM 4.	Controls and Procedures	22
PART II – OT	HER INFORMATION	23
ITEM 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	23
ITEM 1A.	RISK FACTORS	23
ITEM 2.	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	23
ITEM 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	23
ITEM 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	23
ITEM 5.	Other Information	23
ITEM 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	24
SIGNATURE	<u>S</u>	25
	i	

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LARKSPUR HEALTH ACQUISITION CORP.

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

		September 30, 2022 (unaudited)		ecember 31, 2021
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash	\$	213,564	\$	928,389
Prepaid expenses		225,000		251,800
Total Current Assets		438,564		1,180,189
Prepaid expenses		46,730		213,168
Investments held in Trust Account		78,911,942		75,750,000
Total Assets	\$	79,397,236	\$	77,143,357
			_	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
Current Liabilities:				
Accrued expenses	\$	1,625,140	\$	200,247
Derivative liability		-		76,588
Total Current Liabilities		1,625,140		276,835
Business combination fee payable		3,375,000		3,375,000
Total Liabilities		5,000,140		3,651,835
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)				
Class A common stock subject to possible redemption; 7,767,159 shares and 7,500,000 shares (redemption value				
of \$10.10 per share), respectively		78,556,033		75,750,000
Stockholders' Deficit:				
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding		_		_
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 320,272 issued and outstanding		32		32
Class B common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 1,941,790 and 2,156,250 shares issued and outstanding		194		216
Additional paid-in capital		22		210
Accumulated deficit		(4,159,185)		(2,258,726)
Total Stockholders' Deficit		(4,158,937)	_	(2,258,478)
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit	_		Φ.	_
Total Liabilities and Stockholders Delicit	\$	79,397,236	\$	77,143,357

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

For the

	N	the Three Months Ended ember 30, 2022	Mo En Septen	e Three onths ded onber 30, 021		or the Nine Months Ended otember 30, 2022	M (In	riod from (arch 17, 2021 nception) Through tember 30, 2021
Formation and operating costs	\$	985,605	\$	174	\$	2,285,405	\$	2,069
Operating loss		(985,605)		(174)		(2,285,405)		(2,069)
Interest income on assets held in Trust		354,069		-		463,636		-
Change in fair value of derivative liability		_		-		76,588		-
Total other income		354,069		-		540,224		<u>-</u>
Pre tax loss		(631,536)		(174)		(1,745,181)		(2,069)
Income tax		(47,551)				(47,551)		<u> </u>
Net loss	\$	(679,087)	\$	(174)	\$	(1,792,732)	\$	(2,069)
Class A Common Stock - Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and								
diluted		8,087,431				8,082,471		
Class A Common Stock - Basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$	(0.07)	\$		\$	(0.18)	\$	-
Class B Common Stock - Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted		1,941,790	1	,875,000		1,940,562		1,875,000
Class B Common Stock - Basic and diluted net loss per common share	¢		¢ 1		ф		¢	
Class D Common Stock - Dasic and undted liet 1055 per common share	3	(0.07)	3	(0.00)	Ъ	(0.18)	Ф	(0.00)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (UNAUDITED)

For The Period from March 17, 2021 (Inception) Through September 30, 2021 and For The Three Months Ended	Clas		Clas Commo	ss B on Stock	Additional Paid-in	Subscription	Accumulated	Total Stockholders'
September 30, 2021	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Receivables	Deficit	Deficit
Balance, March 17, 2021 (inception)		\$ —		\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Issuance of Class B common stock to Sponsor ⁽¹⁾	_	_	2,156,250	216	24,784	(24,333)		667
Net loss							(1,106)	(1,106)
Balance, March 31, 2021			2,156,250	216	24,784	(24,333)	(1,106)	(439)
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	· —	(789)	(789)
Balance, June 30, 2021			2,156,250	216	24,784	(24,333)	(1,895)	(1,228)
Net loss							(174)	(174)
Balance, September 30, 2021		\$ <u> </u>	2,156,250	\$ 216	\$ 24,784	\$ (24,333)	\$ (2,069)	\$ (1,402)

(1) Includes an aggregate of up to 281,250 shares of Class B common stock subject to forfeiture if the over-allotment option is not exercised in full or in part by the underwriters (see Notes 5 and 7).

For The Three and Nine Months Ended	Clas Commo	ss A on Stock	Clas Commo		Additional Paid-in	Subscription	Accumulated	Total Stockholders'
September 30, 2022	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Receivables	Deficit	Deficit
Balance, January 1, 2022	317,600	\$ 32	2,156,250	\$ 216	\$ —	\$	\$ (2,258,726)	\$ (2,258,478)
Forfeit of shares upon partial exercise of over allotment option	_	_	(214,460)	(22)	22	_	_	_
Issuance of shares upon partial exercise of over allotment option	2,672	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Net loss							(720,006)	(720,006)
Balance, March 31, 2022	320,272	32	1,941,790	194	22		(2,978,732)	(2,978,484)
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	(393,639)	(393,639)
Balance, June 30, 2022	320,272	32	1,941,790	194	22		(3,372,371)	(3,372,123)
Remeasurement of redeemable Class A Common Stock to redemption value	_	_	_	_	_	_	(107,727)	(107,727)
Net loss							(679,087)	(679,087)
Balance, September 30, 2022	320,272	\$ 32	1,941,790	\$ 194	\$ 22	\$	\$ (4,159,185)	\$ (4,158,937)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022		For the Period from March 17, 2021 (Inception) Through September 30, 2021	
Cash flows from operating activities:	_		_	
Net loss	\$	(1,792,732)	\$	(2,069)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities		(462,626)		
Interest income earned on Trust assets		(463,636)		-
Deferred offering costs paid Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				-
Accrued formation costs				1,812
Prepaid expenses		193,238		1,012
Derivative liability		(76,588)		_
Accrued expenses		1,424,893		_
Net cash used in operating activities		(714,825)	_	(257)
The table are in operating activities	_	(714,023)	_	(237)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Cash deposited into Trust account		(2,698,306)		_
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(2,698,306)	_	
Tee cash asea in investing activities	_	(2,030,300)		_
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Sales of units in public offering		2,698,306		_
Advance from related party		2,030,300		9,410
Deferred offering costs paid				(63,798)
Proceeds from issuance of note payable – related party		_		719,084
Proceeds from issuance of Class B common stock		_		22,063
Net cash provided by financing activities	_	2,698,306		686,759
		2,030,300		000,700
Net change in cash	\$	(714,825)	\$	686,502
Cash at beginning of period		928,389	_	-
Cash at end of period	\$	213,564	\$	686,502
	Ψ	213,504	Ψ	000,502
Non-cash financing activities				
Non-cash financing activities: Deferred offering costs included in accrued offering costs	ф		ф	220 606
The state of the s	\$		\$	338,609
Initial classification of potentially redeemable Class A common stock	\$	2,698,306	\$	_
Remeasurement of redeemable Class A Common Stock to redemption value	\$	107,727	\$	-
Class B common stock issued for subscription receivables	\$		\$	2,937
	=		_	_,55.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 — DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION, BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Larkspur Health Acquisition Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated in Delaware on March 17, 2021. The Company was formed for the purpose of effecting a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses (the "Business Combination"). The Company is not limited to a particular industry or sector for purposes of consummating a Business Combination. The Company is an early stage and emerging growth company and, as such, the Company is subject to all of the risks associated with early stage and emerging growth companies.

As of September 30, 2022, the Company had not commenced any operations. All activity for the period from March 17, 2021 (inception) through September 30, 2022 relates to the Company's initial public offering (the "Initial Public Offering" or "IPO"), which is described below, and consummation of its initial Business Combination. The Company will not generate any operating revenues until after the completion of its initial Business Combination, at the earliest. The Company will generate non-operating income in the form of interest income from the proceeds derived from the Initial Public Offering. The Company has selected December 31 as its fiscal year end.

The registration statement for the Company's Initial Public Offering (the "Registration Statement") was declared effective on December 20, 2021. On December 23, 2021, the Company consummated its Initial Public Offering of 7,500,000 units ("Units" and, with respect to the common stock included in the Units being offered, the "Public Shares"), generating gross proceeds of \$75,000,000, which is described in Note 3.

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated the sale of 317,600 units (the "Private Placement Units") at a price of \$10.00 per Private Unit in private placements to Larkspur Health LLC (the "Sponsor").

As of December 23, 2021, transaction costs amounted to \$6,639,594 consisting of \$500,000 of underwriting fees, \$3,375,000 of business combination fee payable (which are held in a trust account with Continental Stock Transfer and Trust Company acting as trustee (the "Trust Account")), \$2,179,470 of the excess of fair value over the purchase price of certain founder shares transferred to additional sponsor investors and \$593,778 of Initial Public Offering costs. These costs were charged to additional paid-in capital or accumulated deficit to the extent additional paid-in capital is fully depleted upon completion of the Initial Public Offering. As described in Note 6, the \$3,375,000 business combination fee is contingent upon the consummation of a Business Combination within 12 months, unless the time period to consummate a Business Combination is extended pursuant to the Company's amended and restated certificate of incorporation.

Following the closing of the Initial Public Offering on December 23, 2021, an amount of \$75,750,000 (\$10.10 per Unit) from the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the Initial Public Offering and the Private Placement (as defined in Note 4) was placed in the Trust Account. The funds held in the Trust Account may be invested in U.S. government securities, within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act"), with a maturity of 185 days or less or in any open-ended investment company that holds itself out as a money market fund selected by the Company meeting the conditions of Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act, as determined by the Company, until the earlier of: (i) the completion of a Business Combination or (ii) the distribution of the Trust Account, as described below.

On January 6, 2022 the underwriters partially exercised the over-allotment option for 267,159 units. The issuance of the units resulted in gross proceeds of \$2.7 million. The remaining units expired on February 6, 2022, which resulted in the forfeiture of 214,460 founders' shares.

NOTE 1 — DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION, BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN (cont.)

Business Combination Agreement

On July 20, 2022, the Company entered into a Business Combination Agreement, (the "Business Combination Agreement"), with ZyVersa Therapeutics, Inc. ("ZyVersa"), Larkspur Merger Sub Inc. ("Merger Sub") and Stephen Glover. Upon the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement (the "Transactions"), Merger Sub will merge with and into ZyVersa, with ZyVersa surviving as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Business Combination"). The combined company is expected to be named ZyVersa Therapeutics, Inc.

The Business Combination Agreement provides that the following transactions will occur:

- Immediately prior to the effective time of the Business Combination (the "Effective Time"), each share of ZyVersa's Series A Preferred Stock that is issued and outstanding will automatically convert into a number of shares of ZyVersa's common stock at the then-effective conversion rate, as calculated pursuant to ZyVersa's Articles of Incorporation (the "Conversion").
- At the Effective Time, (a) each share of ZyVersa's common stock issued and outstanding (including shares of ZyVersa's common stock resulting from the Conversion) will be canceled and converted into a number of shares of the Company's common stock, as determined pursuant to the terms of the Business Combination Agreement; and (b) each share of Merger Sub common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time will be converted into and exchanged for one share of common stock of ZyVersa.
- Effective as of the Effective Time, each ZyVersa warrant, to the extent then outstanding and unexercised, will automatically, without any action on the part of the holder thereof, be assumed and converted into a warrant to acquire a number of shares of the Registrant's common stock at an adjusted exercise price per share, in each case, as determined pursuant to the terms of the Business Combination Agreement.
- Each ZyVersa stock option that is outstanding and unexercised as of immediately prior to the Effective Time, whether or not vested, will be assumed and converted into an option to purchase a number of shares of the Registrant's common stock, as determined pursuant to the terms of the Business Combination Agreement.
- Each ZyVersa note that is outstanding as of immediately prior to the Effective Time which by its terms will not convert into ZyVersa's common stock in connection with the Transactions, if any, will be assumed by the Company and will remain outstanding pursuant to the terms and conditions then in effect.

The consummation of the Transactions are subject to the satisfaction or waiver of certain customary closing conditions contained in the Business Combination Agreement, including, among other things, the Company and ZyVersa shall have received aggregate commitments of at least \$10.0 million in connection with the sale of securities pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement entered into on July 20, 2022, as amended, by and between the Company and the purchasers listed on the signatory pages thereto.

The parties to the Business Combination Agreement have made customary representations and warranties, and have agreed to certain customary covenants in the Business Combination Agreement, including, among others, covenants with respect to the conduct of the Company, ZyVersa and Merger Sub, and their subsidiaries, prior to the closing of the Transactions.

The Business Combination Agreement may be terminated by the Company or ZyVersa, under certain circumstances, including, among others, (i) by mutual written consent of the Company and ZyVersa, (ii) by either the Company or ZyVersa if the Effective Time shall not have occurred prior to December 15, 2022, (iii) by either the Company or ZyVersa if any Governmental Order has become final and non-appealable and has the effect of making consummation of the Transactions illegal or otherwise preventing or prohibiting consummation of the Transactions, (iv) by either the Company or ZyVersa if any of the required proposals fail to receive the requisite vote for approval at the Company's Shareholders' Meeting, (v) by the Company, in the event that ZyVersa's shareholders don't consent to the Transactions, (vi) by the Company upon ZyVersa breaching any representation, covenant or agreement; or (vii) by ZyVersa upon the Company breaching any representation, covenant or agreement.

The Company expects to account for the Business Combination as a reverse recapitalization, whereby ZyVersa is deemed to be the accounting acquirer.

NOTE 1 — DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION, BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN (cont.)

The Company's management has broad discretion with respect to the specific application of the net proceeds of the Initial Public Offering and the sale of Private Placement Units, although substantially all of the net proceeds are intended to be applied generally toward consummating a Business Combination. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to complete a Business Combination successfully. The Company must complete one or more initial Business Combinations with one or more operating businesses or assets with a fair market value equal to at least 80% of the net assets held in the Trust Account (as defined below) (excluding the deferred underwriting commissions and taxes payable on the interest earned on the Trust Account). The Company will only complete a Business Combination if the post-transaction company owns or acquires 50% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the target or otherwise acquires a controlling interest in the target business sufficient for it not to be required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act"). Upon the closing of the Initial Public Offering, management has agreed that an amount equal to at least \$10.10 per Unit sold in the Initial Public Offering, including proceeds of the Private Placement Units, will be held in a trust account ("Trust Account"), located in the United States and invested only in U.S. government securities, within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act, with a maturity of 185 days or less or in any open-ended investment company that holds itself out as a money market fund selected by the Company meeting certain conditions of Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act, as determined by the Company, until the earlier of: (i) the completion of a Business Combination and (ii) the distribution of the funds held in the Trust Account, as described below.

The Company will provide the holders of the outstanding Public Shares (the "Public Stockholders") with the opportunity to redeem all or a portion of their Public Shares either (i) in connection with a stockholder meeting called to approve the Business Combination or (ii) by means of a tender offer in connection with the Business Combination. The decision as to whether the Company will seek stockholder approval of a Business Combination or conduct a tender offer will be made by the Company. The Public Stockholders will be entitled to redeem their Public Shares for a pro rata portion of the amount then in the Trust Account (initially anticipated to be \$10.10 per Public Share, plus any pro rata interest then in the Trust Account, net of taxes payable). There will be no redemption rights upon the completion of a Business Combination with respect to the Company's warrants.

All of the Public Shares contain a redemption feature which allows for the redemption of such Public Shares in connection with the Company's liquidation, if there is a stockholder vote or tender offer in connection with the Company's Business Combination and in connection with certain amendments to the Company's amended and restated certificate of incorporation (the "Certificate of Incorporation"). In accordance with the rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and its guidance on redeemable equity instruments, which has been codified in ASC 480-10-S99, redemption provisions not solely within the control of a company require common stock subject to redemption to be classified outside of permanent equity. Given that the Public Shares will be issued with other freestanding instruments (i.e., public warrants), the initial carrying value of Class A common stock classified as temporary equity will be the allocated proceeds determined in accordance with ASC 470-20. The Class A common stock is subject to ASC 480-10-S99. If it is probable that the equity instrument will become redeemable, the Company has the option to either (i) accrete changes in the redemption value over the period from the date of issuance (or from the date that it becomes probable that the instrument will become redeemable, if later) to the earliest redemption date of the instrument or (ii) recognize changes in the redemption value immediately as they occur and adjust the carrying amount of the instrument to equal the redemption value at the end of each reporting period. The Company has elected to recognize the changes immediately. The accretion or remeasurement will be treated as a deemed dividend (i.e., a reduction to retained earnings, or in absence of retained earnings, additional paid-in capital). While redemptions cannot cause the Company's net tangible assets to fall below \$5,000,001, the Public Shares are redeemable and will be classified as such on the balance sheet until such date that a redemption event takes plac

The Company will not redeem Public Shares in an amount that would cause its net tangible assets to be less than \$5,000,001 (so that it does not then become subject to the SEC's "penny stock" rules) or any greater net tangible asset or cash requirement which may be contained in the agreement relating to the Business Combination. If the Company seeks stockholder approval of the Business Combination, the Company will proceed with a Business Combination if a majority of the outstanding shares voted are voted in favor of the Business Combination, or such other vote as required by law or stock exchange rule. If a stockholder vote is not required by applicable law or stock exchange listing requirements and the Company does not decide to hold a stockholder vote for business or other reasons, the Company will, pursuant to its certificate of incorporation (the "Certificate of Incorporation"), conduct the redemptions pursuant to the tender offer rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and file tender offer documents with the SEC prior to completing a Business Combination. If, however, stockholder approval of the transaction is required by applicable law or stock exchange listing requirements, or the Company decides to obtain stockholder approval for business or other reasons, the Company will offer to redeem shares in conjunction with a proxy solicitation pursuant to the proxy rules and not pursuant to the tender offer rules. If the Company seeks stockholder approval in connection with a Business Combination, the Sponsor has agreed to vote its Founder Shares (as defined in Note 5) and any Public Shares purchased during or after the Initial Public Offering in favor of approving a Business Combination. Additionally, each Public Stockholder may elect to redeem their Public Shares without voting, and if they do vote, irrespective of whether they vote for or against the proposed transaction.

NOTE 1 — DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION, BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN (cont.)

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Company seeks stockholder approval of a Business Combination and it does not conduct redemptions pursuant to the tender offer rules, the Certificate of Incorporation provides that a Public Stockholder, together with any affiliate of such stockholder or any other person with whom such stockholder is acting in concert or as a "group" (as defined under Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), will be restricted from redeeming its shares with respect to more than an aggregate of 15% of the Public Shares, without the prior consent of the Company.

The holders of the Founder Shares have agreed (a) to waive their redemption rights with respect to the Founder Shares and Public Shares held by them in connection with the completion of a Business Combination and (b) not to propose an amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation (i) to modify the substance or timing of the Company's obligation to allow redemptions in connection with a Business Combination or to redeem 100% of its Public Shares if the Company does not complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period (as defined below) or (ii) with respect to any other provision relating to stockholders' rights or pre-business combination activity, unless the Company provides the Public Stockholders with the opportunity to redeem their Public Shares in conjunction with any such amendment.

If the Company has not completed a Business Combination within 12 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering (or up to 18 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering at the election of the Company in two separate three month extensions subject to satisfaction of certain conditions) (the "Combination Period"), the Company will (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up, (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to pay taxes (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then outstanding Public Shares, which redemption will completely extinguish Public Stockholders' rights as stockholders (including the right to receive further liquidating distributions, if any), and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining stockholders and the Company's board of directors, dissolve and liquidate, subject in each case to the Company's obligations under Delaware law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law. There will be no redemption rights or liquidating distributions with respect to the Company's warrants, which will expire worthless if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period.

The holders of the Founders Shares have agreed to waive their liquidation rights with respect to the Founder Shares if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period. However, if the holders of Founder Shares acquire Public Shares in or after the Initial Public Offering, such Public Shares will be entitled to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period. The underwriters have agreed to waive their rights to their deferred underwriting commission (see Note 6) held in the Trust Account in the event the Company does not complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period and, in such event, such amounts will be included with the other funds held in the Trust Account that will be available to fund the redemption of the Public Shares. In the event of such distribution, it is possible that the per share value of the assets remaining available for distribution will be less than the Initial Public Offering price per Unit (\$10.00).

In order to protect the amounts held in the Trust Account, the Sponsor has agreed to be liable to the Company if and to the extent any claims by a third party for services rendered or products sold to the Company, or a prospective target business with which the Company has discussed entering into a transaction agreement, reduce the amount of funds in the Trust Account to below (i) \$10.10 per Public Share or (ii) such lesser amount per Public Share held in the Trust Account as of the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account, if less than \$10.10 per Public Share due to reductions in the value of the trust assets, in each case net of the amount of interest which may be withdrawn to pay taxes, except as to any claims by a third party who executed a waiver of any and all rights to seek access to the Trust Account and except as to any claims under the Company's indemnity of the underwriters of the Initial Public Offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Moreover, in the event that an executed waiver is deemed to be unenforceable against a third party, the Sponsor will not be responsible to the extent of any liability for such third-party claims. The Company will seek to reduce the possibility that the Sponsor will have to indemnify the Trust Account due to claims of creditors by endeavoring to have all vendors, service providers (except for the Company's independent registered accounting firm), prospective target businesses and other entities with which the Company does business, execute agreements with the Company waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to monies held in the Trust Account.

NOTE 1 — DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION, BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN (cont.)

Going Concern Consideration

In connection with the Company's assessment of going concern considerations in accordance with Account Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-15, "Disclosures of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern," management has determined that the Combination Period is less than one year from the date of the issuance of the financial statements. There is no assurance that the Company's plans to consummate a business combination will be successful within or the Company's available funds will be sufficient to fund our operations through the Combination Period. As a result, there is substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued as well as the liquidity to fund operations. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of the uncertainty.

Risks and Uncertainties

Management is currently evaluating the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and has concluded that while it is reasonably possible that the virus could have a negative effect on the Company's financial position, results of its operations, close of the Initial Public Offering and/or search for a target company, the specific impact is not readily determinable as of the date of these financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

NOTE 2 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Certain information or footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC for interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report filed on Form 10-K.

In the opinion of the Company's management, the unaudited financial statements as of September 30, 2022 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 include all adjustments, which are only of a normal and recurring nature, necessary for a fair statement of the financial position of the Company as of September 30, 2022 and its results of operations and cash flows for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2022 or any future interim period.

Emerging Growth Company

The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, as amended (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the independent registered public accounting firm attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

NOTE 2 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of the Company's financial statements with another public company which is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period.

Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate, could change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Company did not have any cash equivalents as of September 30, 2022.

Investments held in Trust Account

As of September 30, 2022, the Company had \$78,911,942 in Investments held in the Trust Account. The Company classifies these investments as trading securities which are recorded at fair value with realized and unrealized gains and losses recorded in the statement of operations.

Offering Costs Associated with a Public Offering

The Company complies with the requirements of FASB ASC 340-10-S99-1 and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") Topic 5A — "*Expenses of Offering*." Offering costs of \$593,778 consist principally of costs incurred in connection with formation and preparation for the Initial Public Offering. These costs, together with the underwriter discount of \$500,000 and deferred business combination fee payable of \$3,375,000, were charged to additional paid-in capital upon completion of the Initial Public Offering.

Income Taxes

The Company follows the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes under ASC 740, "Income Taxes." Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statements carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that included the enactment date. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

The Company's effective tax rate was 7.5% and 0.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and 2.7% and 0.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2022 and for the period from March 17, 2021 (inception) through September 30, 2021, respectively. The effective tax rate differs from the statutory tax rate of 0% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 and 2021, due to changes in the valuation allowance on the deferred tax assets.

The Inflation Reduction Act ("IRA") was enacted on August 16, 2022. The IRA includes provisions imposing a 1% excise tax on share repurchases that occur after December 31, 2022 and introduces a 15% corporate alternative minimum tax ("CAMT") on adjusted financial statement income. The CAMT will be effective for us beginning in fiscal year 2024. We currently are not expecting the IRA to have a material adverse impact on our financial statements.

NOTE 2 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense. There were no unrecognized tax benefits and no amounts accrued for interest and penalties as of September 30, 2022 or December 31, 2021. The Company is currently not aware of any issues under review that could result in significant payments, accruals or material deviation from its position. The Company is subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities since inception.

Net Loss per Common Share

The Company complies with accounting and disclosure requirements of FASB ASC Topic 260, "Earnings Per Share". The Company has two classes of stock, which are referred to as Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock. Income and losses are shared pro rata between the two classes of stock. Net income (loss) per share of common stock is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Accretion associated with the redeemable shares of Class A common stock is excluded from income (loss) per common share as the redemption value approximates fair value.

The calculation of diluted loss per share of common stock does not consider the effect of the warrants issued in connection with the (i) Initial Public Offering, and (ii) the Private Placement since the exercise of the warrants is contingent upon the occurrence of future events. As of September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021, the Company did not have any dilutive securities or other contracts that could, potentially, be exercised or converted into common stock and then share in the earnings of the Company. As a result, diluted net loss per common share is the same as basic net loss per common share for the periods presented.

The following table reflects the calculation of basic and diluted net loss per common share (in dollars, except per share amounts):

	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2022			For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022				
	Class A			Class B	Class A			Class B
Basic and diluted net loss per common share								
Numerator:								
Allocation of net loss	\$	(547,607)	\$	(131,480)	\$	(1,444,749)	\$	(347,983)
Denominator:								_
Basic and diluted weighted average common shares outstanding		8,087,431		1,941,790		8,082,471		1,940,562
Basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$	(0.07)	\$	(0.07)	\$	(0.18)	\$	(0.18)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist of a cash account in a financial institution, which, at times, may exceed the Federal Depository Insurance Coverage of \$250,000. The Company has not experienced losses on this account.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for sale of an asset or paid to transfer of a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. US GAAP establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). These tiers include:

Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical instruments in active markets;

Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable such as quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and

Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions, such as valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

NOTE 2 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

The following table presents information about the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation inputs the Company utilized to determine such fair value:

Description	Level	September 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Assets:			
Investments held in Trust Account	1	\$ 78,911,942	\$ 75,750,000

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company evaluates its financial instruments to determine if such instruments are derivatives or contain features that qualify as embedded derivatives in accordance with ASC Topic 815, "Derivatives and Hedging." For derivative financial instruments that are accounted for as liabilities, the derivative instrument is initially recorded at its fair value on the grant date and is then re-valued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value reported in the statements of operations. The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or as equity, is evaluated at the end of each reporting period. Derivative liabilities are classified in the balance sheet as current or non-current based on whether or not net-cash settlement or conversion of the instrument could be required within 12 months of the balance sheet date. The over-allotment option is deemed to be a freestanding financial instrument indexed on the contingently redeemable shares and is accounted for as a liability pursuant to ASC 480. The warrants issued in connection with the Initial Public Offering and the Private Placement are recorded in equity as they qualify for equity treatment under ASC 815-40.

Class A common stock subject to possible redemption

The Company accounts for its Class A common stock subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance enumerated in ASC 480 "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." Common stock subject to mandatory redemption is classified as a liability instrument and are measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable common stock (including common stock that feature redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within the Company's control) are classified as temporary equity. At all other times, common stock is classified as stockholders' equity. The Company's Class A common stock feature certain redemption rights that are considered by the Company to be outside of the Company's control and subject to the occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the shares of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption in the amount of \$78,556,033 and \$75,750,000, respectively, are presented as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders' equity section of the Company's balance sheet. The increase of \$2,806,033 during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 in the Class A common stock subject to possible redemption is a remeasurement adjustment to the redemption value of \$107,727 and proceeds from the partial exercise of the over-allotment option of \$2,698,306.

Recent Accounting Standards

In August 2020, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2020-06, "*Debt — Debt with Conversion and Other Options* (*Subtopic 470-20*) and *Derivatives and Hedging — Contracts in Entity's Own Equity* (*Subtopic 815-40*): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity ("ASU 2020-06")", which simplifies accounting for convertible instruments by removing major separation models required under current GAAP. The ASU also removes certain settlement conditions that are required for equity-linked contracts to qualify for the derivative scope exception, and it simplifies the diluted earnings per share calculation in certain areas. ASU 2020-06 is effective for the Company on January 1, 2023. The Company does not expect the adoption of the ASU to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

NOTE 3 — INITAL PUBLIC OFFERING

Pursuant to the Initial Public Offering, the Company sold 7,500,000 Units at a price of \$10.00 per Unit. Each Unit consists of one share of Class A common stock and three-fourths of one redeemable warrant ("Public Warrant"). Each whole Public Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of Class A common stock at a price of \$11.50 per share, subject to adjustment (see Note 7).

On January 6, 2022 the underwriters partially exercised the over-allotment option for 267,159 units. The issuance of the units resulted in gross proceeds of \$2.7 million. The remaining units expired on February 6, 2022, which resulted in the forfeiture of 214,460 founders' shares.

NOTE 4 — PRIVATE PLACEMENTS

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated the private sale of 317,600 Private Placement Unit at a price of \$10.00 per Private Placement Unit (\$3,176,000) to the Sponsor (the "Private Placement"). Each Private Placement Unit consists of one share of Class A common stock and three-fourths of one redeemable warrant ("Private Warrant"). Each Private Warrant is exercisable to purchase one share of Class A common stock at a price of \$11.50 per share, subject to adjustment (see Note 7). The proceeds from the sale of the Private Placement Units were added to the net proceeds from the Initial Public Offering held in the Trust Account. If the Company does not complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period, the proceeds from the sale of the Private Placement Units held in the Trust Account will be used to fund the redemption of the Public Shares (subject to the requirements of applicable law) and the Private Warrants will expire worthless. The Private Warrants (including the Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the Private Warrants) will not be transferable, assignable or salable until after the completion of an Initial Business Combination, subject to certain exceptions.

NOTE 5 — RELATED PARTIES

Founder Shares

During the period ended December 31, 2021, the Sponsor's investors received a total of 2,156,250 of the Company's Class B common stock (as adjusted, the "Founder Shares") for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000. The Founder Shares included an aggregate of up to 281,250 shares subject to forfeiture to the extent that the underwriters' over-allotment is not exercised in full or in part, so that the number of Founder Shares will equal, on an asconverted basis, approximately 20% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares of common stock after the Initial Public Offering. On January 6, 2022 the underwriters partially exercised the over-allotment option for 267,159 units. The issuance of the units resulted in gross proceeds of \$2.7 million. The remaining units expired on February 6, 2022, which resulted in the forfeiture of 214,460 founders shares.

The holders of the Founder Shares have agreed, subject to limited exceptions, not to transfer, assign or sell any of the Founder Shares until the earlier to occur of: (A) one year after the completion of a Business Combination and (B) subsequent to a Business Combination, (x) if the last reported sale price of the Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$12.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock capitalizations, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period commencing at least 150 days after a Business Combination, or (y) the date on which the Company completes a liquidation, merger, capital stock exchange or other similar transaction that results in all of the Public Stockholders having the right to exchange their shares of common stock for cash, securities or other property.

On November 18, 2021, Larkspur Health LLC transferred 231,423 founder shares to certain additional sponsor investors and the representative transferred 110,723 founder shares to certain additional sponsor investors. The Company accounted for the excess of fair value over the purchase price, which totaled \$2,179,470, as an offering cost with an offset to additional paid-in capital or accumulated deficit to the extent additional paid-in capital is fully depleted.

Promissory Note

On May 7, 2021, the Company issued unsecured promissory notes to the Sponsor's investors, which were amended and restated on October 7, 2021 (the "Promissory Notes"), pursuant to which the Company may borrow up to an aggregate principal amount of \$750,000. The Promissory Notes are non-interest bearing and payable on the earlier of (i) December 31, 2021 or (ii) the consummation of the Initial Public Offering. Upon closing the Initial Public Offering in December the Promissory Notes were converted into Class A Common Stock.

NOTE 5 — RELATED PARTIES (cont.)

Related Party Loans

In order to finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, the Sponsor or an affiliate of the Sponsor, or certain of the Company's officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds as may be required ("Working Capital Loans"). Such Working Capital Loans would be evidenced by the Promissory Notes. The notes may be repaid upon completion of a Business Combination, without interest. Such Units would be identical to the Private Placement Units. In the event that a Business Combination does not close, the Company may use a portion of proceeds held outside the Trust Account to repay the Working Capital Loans but no proceeds held in the Trust Account would be used to repay the Working Capital Loans. As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, there was no amount outstanding under the Working Capital Loans.

Accounting Services

A firm owned by the Company's Chief Financial Officer has an agreement to provide accounting and financial consulting services \$0 and to the Company. The Company did not incur any costs for the period from March 17, 2021 (Inception) through September 30, 2021. The Company incurred \$5,250 of costs during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022. There is no amount outstanding as of September 30, 2022 or December 31, 2021

NOTE 6 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Registration Rights

The holders of the Founder Shares, Private Warrants and warrants that may be issued upon conversion of Working Capital Loans (and any shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Private Warrants or warrants issued upon conversion of the Working Capital Loans and upon conversion of the Founder Shares) will be entitled to registration rights pursuant to a registration rights agreement to be signed prior to or on the effective date of the Initial Public Offering requiring the Company to register such securities for resale (in the case of the Founder Shares, only after conversion to shares of Class A common stock). The holders of these securities will be entitled to make up to three demands, excluding short form registration demands, that the Company register such securities. In addition, the holders have certain "piggy-back" registration rights with respect to registration statements filed subsequent to completion of a Business Combination and rights to require the Company to register for resale such securities pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act. However, the registration rights agreement provides that the Company will not be required to effect or permit any registration or cause any registration statement to become effective until the securities covered thereby are released from their lock-up restrictions. The Company will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

Underwriting Agreement

The Company granted the underwriters a 45-day option from the date of Initial Public Offering to purchase up to 1,125,000 additional Units to cover over-allotments, if any, at the Initial Public Offering price less the underwriting discounts and commissions. The over-allotment option is deemed to be a freestanding financial instrument indexed on the contingently redeemable shares and is accounted for as a liability pursuant to ASC 480. It is recorded as a \$0 and \$76,588 liability at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively. On January 6, 2022 the underwriters partially exercised the overallotment option for 267,159 units. The issuance of the units resulted in gross proceeds of \$2.7 million. The remaining units expired on February 6, 2022, which resulted in the forfeiture of 214,460 founders' shares.

The underwriters are entitled to a cash underwriting discount of \$500,000 in the aggregate payable upon the closing of the Initial Public Offering. In addition, the underwriters will be entitled to a business combination fee of \$3,375,000 in the aggregate. The business combination fee will become payable to the underwriters from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event that the Company completes a Business Combination, subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement.

NOTE 7 — STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

Preferred Stock — The Company is authorized to issue 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share with such designations, voting and other rights and preferences as may be determined from time to time by the Company's board of directors. As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, there were no shares of preferred stock issued or outstanding.

Class A Common Stock — The Company is authorized to issue 200,000,000 shares of Class A common stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. Holders of Class A common stock are entitled to one vote for each share. As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, there were 317,600 shares of Class A common stock issued and outstanding (excluding 7,767,159 and 7,500,000 shares accounted for as temporary equity).

Class B Common Stock — The Company is authorized to issue 20,000,000 shares of Class B common stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. As of September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, there were 1,941,790 and 2,156,250 shares of Class B common stock issued and outstanding. Holders of Class B common stock are entitled to one vote for each share.

Only holders of the Class B common stock will have the right to vote on the election of directors prior to the Business Combination. Holders of Class A common stock and holders of Class B common stock will vote together as a single class on all matters submitted to a vote of our shareholders except as otherwise required by law. In connection with our initial business combination, we may enter into a stockholder agreement or other arrangements with the stockholders of the target or other investors to provide for voting or other corporate governance arrangements that differ from those in effect upon completion of this offering.

The shares of Class B common stock will automatically convert into Class A common stock at the time of a Business Combination, or earlier at the option of the holder, on a one-for-one basis, subject to adjustment. In the case that additional shares of Class A common stock, or equity-linked securities, are issued or deemed issued in excess of the amounts issued in the Initial Public Offering and related to the closing of a Business Combination, the ratio at which shares of Class B common stock shall convert into shares of Class A common stock will be adjusted (unless the holders of a majority of the then-outstanding shares of Class B common stock agree to waive such adjustment with respect to any such issuance or deemed issuance) so that the number of shares of Class A common stock issuable upon conversion of all shares of Class B common stock will equal, in the aggregate, on an asconverted basis, 20% of the sum of the total number of all shares of common stock outstanding upon the completion of Initial Public Offering plus all shares of Class A common stock and equity-linked securities issued or deemed issued in connection with a Business Combination (net of the number of shares of Class A common stock redeemed in connection with a Business Combination), excluding any shares or equity-linked securities issued or issuable to any seller of an interest in the target to us in a Business Combination.

Warrants — Public Warrants may only be exercised for a whole number of shares. No fractional warrants will be issued upon separation of the Units and only whole warrants will trade. The Public Warrants will become exercisable on the later of (a) the completion of a Business Combination and (b) 12 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering. The Public Warrants will expire five years after the completion of a Business Combination or earlier upon redemption or liquidation.

The Company will not be obligated to deliver any shares of Class A common stock pursuant to the exercise of a warrant and will have no obligation to settle such warrant exercise unless a registration statement under the Securities Act covering the issuance of the shares of Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants is then effective and a current prospectus relating to those shares of Class A common stock is available, subject to the Company satisfying its obligations with respect to registration, or a valid exemption from registration is available. No warrant will be exercisable for cash or on a cashless basis, and the Company will not be obligated to issue any shares to holders seeking to exercise their warrants, unless the issuance of the shares upon such exercise is registered or qualified under the securities laws of the state of residence of the exercising holder, or an exemption from registration is available.

The Company has agreed that as soon as practicable, but in no event later than 15 business days after the closing of a Business Combination, the Company will use its commercially reasonable efforts to file, and within 60 business days following a Business Combination to have declared effective, a registration statement covering the issuance of the shares of Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants and to maintain a current prospectus relating to those shares of Class A common stock until the warrants expire or are redeemed. Notwithstanding the above, if the Class A common stock is at the time of any exercise of a warrant not listed on a national securities exchange such that it satisfies the definition of a "covered security" under Section 18(b)(1) of the Securities Act, the Company may, at its option, require holders of Public Warrants who exercise their warrants to do so on a "cashless basis" in accordance with Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act and, in the event the Company so elects, the Company will not be required to file or maintain in effect a registration statement, but will use its commercially reasonable efforts to register or qualify the shares under applicable blue sky laws to the extent an exemption is not available.

NOTE 7 — STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (cont.)

Redemption of Warrants When the Price per Share of Class A Common Stock Equals or Exceeds \$18.00 — Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the outstanding Public Warrants:

- in whole and not in part;
- at a price of \$0.01 per Public Warrant;
- upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption, or the 30-day redemption period to each warrant holder; and
- if, and only if, the last reported sale price of the Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganization, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the Company sends the notice of redemption to warrant holders.

If and when the warrants become redeemable by the Company, the Company may exercise its redemption right even if it is unable to register or qualify the underlying securities for sale under all applicable state securities laws.

If the Company calls the Public Warrants for redemption, as described above, its management will have the option to require any holder that wishes to exercise the Public Warrants to do so on a "cashless basis," as described in the warrant agreement. The exercise price and number of common stock issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a stock dividend, extraordinary dividend or recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. However, except as described below, the Public Warrants will not be adjusted for issuances of common stock at a price below its exercise price. Additionally, in no event will the Company be required to net cash settle the Public Warrants. If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period and the Company liquidates the funds held in the Trust Account, holders of Public Warrants will not receive any of such funds with respect to their Public Warrants, nor will they receive any distribution from the Company's assets held outside of the Trust Account with respect to such Public Warrants. Accordingly, the Public Warrants may expire worthless.

The Private Warrants, which are classified as equity, are identical to the Public Warrants underlying the Units sold in the Initial Public Offering, except that the Private Warrants and the Class A common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Private Warrants will not be transferable, assignable or saleable until after the completion of a Business Combination, subject to certain limited exceptions. Further, there are no redemption rights or liquidating distributions from the trust account with respect to the private shares or private warrants, which will expire worthless if we do not consummate a business combination within 24 months from the closing of this offering.

NOTE 8 — SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date through the date that the financial statements were issued. Based upon this review the Company did not identify any subsequent events that would have required adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

References to the "Company," "us," "our" or "we" refer to Larkspur Health Acquisition Corp. The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements and related notes included herein.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Report including, without limitation, statements under this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" regarding the Company's financial position, business strategy and the plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. When used in this Report, words such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend" and similar expressions, as they relate to us or the Company's management, identify forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs of management, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, the Company's management. Actual results could differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors detailed in our filings with the SEC. All subsequent written or oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on the Company's behalf are qualified in their entirety by this paragraph.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Report. Certain information contained in the discussion and analysis set forth below includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties.

Overview

We are a newly organized blank check company, incorporated as a Delaware corporation and formed for the purpose of effecting a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses. On July 20, 2022, we entered into a Business Combination Agreement, (the "Business Combination Agreement"), with ZyVersa Therapeutics, Inc. ("ZyVersa"), Larkspur Merger Sub Inc. ("Merger Sub") and Stephen Glover. Upon the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement (the "Transactions"), Merger Sub will merge with and into ZyVersa, with ZyVersa surviving as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Business Combination"). The combined company is expected to be named ZyVersa Therapeutics, Inc.

The consummation of the Transactions are subject to the satisfaction or waiver of certain customary closing conditions contained in the Business Combination Agreement, including, among other things, the Company and ZyVersa shall have received aggregate commitments of at least \$10.0 million in connection with the sale of securities pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement entered into on July 20, 2022, as amended, by and between the Company and the purchasers listed on the signatory pages thereto.

The parties to the Business Combination Agreement have made customary representations and warranties, and have agreed to certain customary covenants in the Business Combination Agreement, including, among others, covenants with respect to the conduct of the Company, ZyVersa and Merger Sub, and their subsidiaries, prior to the closing of the Transactions.

The Business Combination Agreement may be terminated by the Company or ZyVersa, under certain circumstances, including, among others, (i) by mutual written consent of the Company and ZyVersa, (ii) by either the Company or ZyVersa if the Effective Time shall not have occurred prior to December 15, 2022, (iii) by either the Company or ZyVersa if any Governmental Order has become final and non-appealable and has the effect of making consummation of the Transactions illegal or otherwise preventing or prohibiting consummation of the Transactions, (iv) by either the Company or ZyVersa if any of the required proposals fail to receive the requisite vote for approval at the Company's Shareholders' Meeting, (v) by the Company, in the event that ZyVersa's shareholders don't consent to the Transactions, (vi) by the Company upon ZyVersa breaching any representation, covenant or agreement; or (vii) by ZyVersa upon the Company breaching any representation, covenant or agreement.

We intend to effectuate our initial business combination using cash from the proceeds of the IPO and the sale of the private units, the proceeds of the sale of our shares in connection with our initial business combination (including pursuant to backstop agreements we may enter into following the consummation of the IPO or otherwise), shares issued to the owners of the target, debt issued to bank or other lenders or the owners of the target, or a combination of the foregoing.

The issuance of additional shares in connection with an initial business combination to the owners of the target or other investors:

- may significantly dilute the equity interest of investors in the IPO, which dilution would increase if the anti-dilution provisions in the Class B common stock resulted in the issuance of Class A shares on a greater than one-to-one basis upon conversion of the Class B common stock;
- may subordinate the rights of holders of our common stock if preferred stock is issued with rights senior to those afforded our common stock;
- could cause a change in control if a substantial number of shares of our common stock is issued, which may affect, among other things, our ability to use our net operating loss carry forwards, if any, and could result in the resignation or removal of our present officers and directors;
- may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control of us by diluting the stock ownership or voting rights of a person seeking to
 obtain control of us; and
- may adversely affect prevailing market prices for our Class A common stock and warrants.

Similarly, if we issue debt securities or otherwise incur significant debt to bank or other lenders or the owners of a target, it could result in:

- default and foreclosure on our assets if our operating revenues after an initial business combination are insufficient to repay our debt obligations;
- acceleration of our obligations to repay the indebtedness even if we make all principal and interest payments when due if we breach certain covenants that require the maintenance of certain financial ratios or reserves without a waiver or renegotiation of that covenant;
- our immediate payment of all principal and accrued interest, if any, if the debt is payable on demand;
- our inability to obtain necessary additional financing if the debt contains covenants restricting our ability to obtain such financing while the debt is outstanding;
- our inability to pay dividends on our common stock;
- using a substantial portion of our cash flow to pay principal and interest on our debt, which will reduce the funds available for dividends on our common stock if declared, our ability to pay expenses, make capital expenditures and acquisitions, and fund other general corporate purposes;
- limitations on our flexibility in planning for and reacting to changes in our business and in the industry in which we operate;
- increased vulnerability to adverse changes in general economic, industry and competitive conditions and adverse changes in government regulation;
- limitations on our ability to borrow additional amounts for expenses, capital expenditures, acquisitions, debt service requirements, and execution of our strategy; and
- other purposes and other disadvantages compared to our competitors who have less debt.

Results of Operations and Known Trends or Future Events

We have neither engaged in any operations nor generated any revenues to date. Our only activities since inception have been organizational activities and those necessary to prepare for the IPO. Following the IPO, we will not generate any operating revenues until after completion of our initial business combination. We will generate non-operating income in the form of interest income on cash and cash equivalents after the IPO. There has been no significant change in our financial or trading position and no material adverse change has occurred since the date of our audited financial statements. After the IPO, we expect to incur increased expenses as a result of being a public company (for legal, financial reporting, accounting and auditing compliance), as well as expenses as we conduct due diligence on prospective business combination candidates. We expect our expenses to increase substantially after the closing of the IPO.

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2022, we had a net loss of \$679,087, which consists primarily of formation and operating costs of \$985,605, partially offset by interest income on assets held in Trust of \$354,069.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2022, we had a net loss of \$1,792,732, which consists primarily of formation and operating costs of \$2,285,405, partially offset by interest income on assets held in Trust of \$463,636 and change in fair value of derivative liability of \$76,588.

Liquidity, Capital Resources Going Concern

On December 23, 2021, we consummated our initial public offering of 7,500,000 units. Each unit consists of one share of Class A common stock of the Company, par value \$0.0001 per share, and three-fourths of one redeemable warrant of the Company, with each warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase one share of Class A common stock for \$11.50 per whole share. The units were sold at a price of \$10.00 per unit, generating gross proceeds to the Company of \$75,000,000.

Simultaneously with the closing of the IPO, the Company consummated a private placement with the Sponsors of 317,600 units in the aggregate, each unit consisting of one Class A common stock of the Company and three-fourths of one redeemable warrant, each at a purchase price of \$10.00 per unit, generating gross proceeds to the Company of \$3,176,000.

A total of \$75,750,000 of the proceeds from the initial public offering and sale of the placement units was placed in the trust account maintained by maintained by Continental Stock Transfer and Trust Co., acting as trustee.

On January 6, 2022, we issued an additional 267,159 units and 2,672 placement units in connection with the exercise of the underwriters' overallotment option, generating an additional \$2,698,306 of gross proceeds.

We intend to use substantially all of the funds held in the trust account, including any amounts representing interest earned on the trust account (less deferred underwriting commissions), to complete our initial business combination. We may withdraw interest to pay taxes. We estimate our annual franchise tax obligations, based on the number of shares of our common stock authorized and outstanding after the completion of the IPO, to be \$200,000, which is the maximum amount of annual franchise taxes payable by us as a Delaware corporation per annum, which we may pay from funds from the IPO held outside of the trust account or from interest earned on the funds held in our trust account and released to us for this purpose. Our annual income tax obligations will depend on the amount of interest and other income earned on the amounts held in the trust account. We expect the interest earned on the amount in the trust account will be sufficient to pay our income taxes. To the extent that our capital stock or debt is used, in whole or in part, as consideration to complete our initial business combination, the remaining proceeds held in the trust account will be used as working capital to finance the operations of the target business or businesses, make other acquisitions and pursue our growth strategies.

Prior to the completion of our initial business combination, we will have available to us the approximately \$1,250,000 of proceeds held outside the trust account. We will use these funds to identify and evaluate target businesses, perform business due diligence on prospective target businesses, travel to and from the offices, plants or similar locations of prospective target businesses or their representatives or owners, review corporate documents and material agreements of prospective target businesses, and structure, negotiate and complete an initial business combination.

In order to fund working capital deficiencies or finance transaction costs in connection with an intended initial business combination, our sponsors or an affiliate of our sponsors or certain of our officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan us funds on a non-interest bearing basis as may be required. If we complete our initial business combination, we would repay such loaned amounts. In the event that our initial business combination does not close, we may use a portion of the working capital held outside the trust account to repay such loaned amounts but no proceeds from our trust account would be used for such repayment. Other than as described above, the terms of such loans by our officers and directors, if any, have not been determined and no written agreements exist with respect to such loans. We do not expect to seek loans from parties other than our sponsors or an affiliate of our sponsors as we do not believe third parties will be willing to loan such funds and provide a waiver against any and all rights to seek access to funds in our trust account.

We expect our primary liquidity requirements during that period to include approximately \$425,000 for legal, accounting, due diligence, travel and other expenses associated with structuring, negotiating and documenting successful business combinations, \$600,000 for D&O insurance, \$150,000 for legal and accounting fees related to regulatory reporting requirements, and approximately \$75,000 for working capital that will be used for miscellaneous expenses and reserves.

These amounts are estimates and may differ materially from our actual expenses. In addition, we could use a portion of the funds not being placed in trust to pay commitment fees for financing, fees to consultants to assist us with our search for a target business or as a down payment or to fund a "no-shop" provision (a provision designed to keep target businesses from "shopping" around for transactions with other companies or investors on terms more favorable to such target businesses) with respect to a particular proposed initial business combination, although we do not have any current intention to do so. If we entered into an agreement where we paid for the right to receive exclusivity from a target business, the amount that would be used as a down payment or to fund a "no-shop" provision would be determined based on the terms of the specific business combination and the amount of our available funds at the time. Our forfeiture of such funds (whether as a result of our breach or otherwise) could result in our not having sufficient funds to continue searching for, or conducting due diligence with respect to, prospective target businesses.

We do not believe we will need to raise additional funds following the IPO in order to meet the expenditures required for operating our business. However, if our estimates of the costs of identifying a target business, undertaking in-depth due diligence and negotiating an initial business combination are less than the actual amount necessary to do so, we may have insufficient funds available to operate our business prior to our initial business combination. Moreover, we may need to obtain additional financing either to complete our initial business combination or because we become obligated to redeem a significant number of our public shares upon completion of our initial business combination, in which case we may issue additional securities or incur debt in connection with such business combination. In addition, we are targeting businesses larger than we could acquire with the net proceeds of the IPO and the sale of the private units, and may as a result be required to seek additional financing to complete such proposed initial business combination. Subject to compliance with applicable securities laws, we would only complete such financing simultaneously with the completion of our initial business combination. If we are unable to complete our initial business combination because we do not have sufficient funds available to us, we will be forced to cease operations and liquidate the trust account. In addition, following our initial business combination, if cash on hand is insufficient, we may need to obtain additional financing in order to meet our obligations.

There is no assurance that the Company's plans to consummate a business combination will be successful within the Combination Period as well as the liquidity to fund operations. As a result, there is substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the net decrease in cash was \$714,825. For the same period, cash used in operating activities was \$714,825, primarily as a result of a net loss of \$1,792,732 and interest income earned on Trust assets of \$463,636 partially offset by a change in accrued liabilities of \$1,424,893. Cash used in investing activities was \$2,698,306, used for cash deposited into the Trust, and cash provided by financing activities was \$2,698,306 and primarily relates to the underwriters' partial exercise of the over allotment option.

Contractual Obligations

We do not have any long-term debt obligations, capital lease obligations, operating lease obligations, purchase obligations or long-term liabilities.

Our sponsors, officers and directors, or any of their respective affiliates, will be reimbursed for any out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with activities on our behalf such as identifying potential target businesses and performing due diligence on suitable business combinations. Our audit committee will review on a quarterly basis all payments that were made to our sponsors, officers or directors or our or their affiliates and will determine which expenses and the amount of expenses that will be reimbursed. There is no cap or ceiling on the reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses incurred by such persons in connection with activities on our behalf.

In addition, in order to finance transaction costs in connection with an intended initial business combination, our sponsors or an affiliate of our sponsors or certain of our officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan us funds as may be required. If we complete our initial business combination, we would repay such loaned amounts. In the event that our initial business combination does not close, we may use a portion of the working capital held outside the trust account to repay such loaned amounts, but no proceeds from our trust account would be used for such repayment. The terms of such loans by our officers and directors, if any, have not been determined and no written agreements exist with respect to such loans. We do not expect to seek loans from parties other than our sponsors or an affiliate of our sponsors as we do not believe third parties will be willing to loan such funds and provide a waiver against any and all rights to seek access to funds in our trust account.

Our sponsors have agreed to waive their redemption rights with respect to their founder shares (i) in connection with the consummation of a business combination, (ii) in connection with a stockholder vote to amend our amended and restated certificate of incorporation to modify the substance or timing of our obligation to allow redemption in connection with our initial business combination or certain amendments to our charter prior thereto or to redeem 100% of our public shares if we do not complete our initial business combination within 12 months from the completion of the IPO (or up to 18 months from the closing of the IPO, at the election of the Company, in two separate three month extensions subject to satisfaction of certain conditions, including the deposit \$776,716 (\$0.10 per unit) for each three month extension, into the trust account, or as extended by the Company's stockholders in accordance with our amended and restated certificate of incorporation) and (iii) if we fail to consummate a business combination within 12 months from the completion of the IPO (or up to 18 months from the closing of the IPO at the election of the Company in two separate three month extensions subject to satisfaction of certain conditions, including the deposit \$776,716 (\$0.10 per unit) for each three month extension, into the trust account, or as extended by the Company's stockholders in accordance with our amended and restated certificate of incorporation) or if we liquidate prior to the expiration of the 12month period (or up to 18-month period). However, our initial stockholders will be entitled to redemption rights with respect to any public shares held by them if we fail to consummate a business combination or liquidate within the 12-month period (or up to 18-month period). In addition, the representative has agreed (i) to waive its redemption rights (or right to participate in any tender offer) with respect to such shares in connection with the completion of our initial business combination and (ii) to waive its rights to liquidating distributions from the trust account with respect to such shares if we fail to complete our initial business combination within 12 months from the closing of the IPO (or up to 18 months from the closing of the IPO at the election of the Company in two separate three month extensions subject to satisfaction of certain conditions, including the deposit of \$776,716 (\$0.10 per unit) for each three month extension, into the trust account, or as extended by the Company's stockholders in accordance with our amended and restated certificate of incorporation).

Pursuant to a registration rights agreement we entered into with our initial stockholders on December 20, 2021, we may be required to register certain securities for sale under the Securities Act. Our initial stockholders (including the representative), and holders of units issued upon conversion of working capital loans, if any, are entitled under the registration rights agreement to make up to three demands that we register certain of our securities held by them for sale under the Securities Act and to have the securities covered thereby registered for resale pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act. In addition, these holders have the right to include their securities in other registration statements filed by us. We will bear the costs and expenses of filing any such registration statements.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and income and expenses during the periods reported. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates. We have not identified any critical accounting policies or estimates.

Net Loss per Common Share

The Company complies with accounting and disclosure requirements of FASB ASC Topic 260, "Earnings Per Share". The Company has two classes of stock, which are referred to as Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock. Income and losses are shared pro rata between the two classes of stock. Net income (loss) per share of common stock is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Accretion associated with the redeemable shares of Class A common stock is excluded from income (loss) per common share as the redemption value approximates fair value.

The calculation of diluted loss per share of common stock does not consider the effect of the warrants issued in connection with the (i) Initial Public Offering, and (ii) the private placement since the exercise of the warrants is contingent upon the occurrence of future events. As of September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021, the Company did not have any dilutive securities or other contracts that could, potentially, be exercised or converted into common stock and then share in the earnings of the Company. As a result, diluted net loss per common share is the same as basic net loss per common share for the periods presented.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company evaluates its financial instruments to determine if such instruments are derivatives or contain features that qualify as embedded derivatives in accordance with ASC Topic 815, "Derivatives and Hedging." For derivative financial instruments that are accounted for as liabilities, the derivative instrument is initially recorded at its fair value on the grant date and is then re-valued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value reported in the statements of operations. The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or as equity, is evaluated at the end of each reporting period. Derivative liabilities are classified in the balance sheet as current or non-current based on whether or not net-cash settlement or conversion of the instrument could be required within 12 months of the balance sheet date. The over-allotment option is deemed to be a freestanding financial instrument indexed on the contingently redeemable shares and is accounted for as a liability pursuant to ASC 480. The warrants issued in connection with the Initial Public Offering and the Private Placement are recorded in equity as they qualify for equity treatment under ASC 815-40.

Class A common stock subject to possible redemption

The Company accounts for its Class A common stock subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance enumerated in ASC 480 "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." Common stock subject to mandatory redemption is classified as a liability instrument and are measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable common stock (including common stock that feature redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within the Company's control) are classified as temporary equity. At all other times, common stock is classified as stockholders' equity. The Company's Class A common stock feature certain redemption rights that are considered by the Company to be outside of the Company's control and subject to the occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, at September 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the shares of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption in the amount of \$78,556,033 and \$75,750,000, respectively, are presented as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders' equity section of the Company's balance sheet. The increase of \$2,806,033 during the nine months ended September 30, 2022 in the Class A common stock subject to possible redemption is a remeasurement adjustment to the redemption value of \$107,727 and proceeds from the partial exercise of the over-allotment option of \$2,698,306.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As a smaller reporting company, we are not required to make disclosures under this Item.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in company reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (who serves as our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial and Accounting Officer), to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As required by Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 under the Exchange Act, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2022. Based upon their evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) were effective.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There is no material current litigation, arbitration or governmental proceeding currently pending against us or any members of our management team in their capacity as such.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

As of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, there have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in the Registration Statement. Any of these factors could result in a significant or material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition. Additional risk factors not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business or results of operations. We may disclose changes to such risk factors or disclose additional risk factors from time to time in our future filings with the SEC. For the complete list of risks relating to our operations, see the section titled "Risk Factors" contained in the Registration Statement.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

During the period covered by this report, we have not issued any unregistered securities.

Use of Proceeds from Sales of Registered Securities

On December 20, 2021, the Company's registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-256056) was declared effective by the SEC. On December 23, 2021, Larkspur closed its IPO of 7,767,159 units, including 267,159 units issued pursuant to the partial exercise by the underwriters of their over-allotment option. Each unit consists of one share of Class A common stock and three-fourths of one redeemable warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder thereof to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$11.50 per share (subject to adjustment). The units began trading on December 21, 2021 and were sold at an offering price of \$10.00 per unit, resulting in gross proceeds of \$77,671,590. Alliance Global Partners was the sole book-running manager, and Brookline Capital Markets, a division of Arcadia Securities, LLC, acted as co-manager for the offering.

There were net proceeds of \$75,750,000, net of approximately \$1.9 million in expenses, including \$500,000 in underwriting fees. The net proceeds of Larkspur's IPO, together with a portion of the funds raised from the Private Placement, were placed in the Trust Account immediately following Larkspur's IPO. The proceeds are intended to be applied generally toward consummating a Business Combination. After consummation of a Business Combination, the funds in the Trust Account are expected to be used to pay stockholders who exercise redemption rights, to pay fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Business Combination and for general corporate purposes.

There has been no material change in the expected use of the net proceeds from our IPO as described in our final prospectus filed with the SEC on December 22, 2021 pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Securities Act.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibit Index

Exhibit	Description
2.1***	Business Combination Agreement, dated as of July 2022, by and among Larkspur Health Acquisition Corp., Larkspur Merger Sub Inc.,
	Stephen Glover and ZyVersa Therapeutics, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Larkspur's Current Report on Form 8-K filed
	with the SEC on July 22, 2022).
10.1***	Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of July 20, 2022, by and among Larkspur Health Acquisition Corp. and each purchaser identified
	on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Larkspur's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on
	<u>July 22, 2022).</u>
10.2***	Form of Shareholder Support Agreement, by and among Larkspur Health Acquisition Corp., ZyVersa Therapeutics, Inc. and certain of the
	stockholders of ZyVersa Therapeutics, Inc. whose names appear on the signature pages thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to
	Larkspur's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 22, 2022).
10.3***	Form of Lock-Up Agreement, by and among Larkspur Health Acquisition Corp. and the parties listed on Schedule A thereto (incorporated
	by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Larkspur's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 22, 2022).
31.1*	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a).
31.2*	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a).
32.1**	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) and 18 U.S.C. 1350
32.2**	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) and 18 U.S.C. 1350
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104*	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted in Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

- * Filed herewith.
- ** Furnished herewith.
- *** Previously filed.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section13 or 15(d) of the Securities Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

November 14, 2022 Larkspur Health Acquisition Corp.

By: /s/ Daniel J. O'Connor

Name: Daniel J. O'Connor
Title: Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

25

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULES 13A-14(A) AND 15D-14(A) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Daniel J. O'Connor, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Larkspur Health Acquisition Corp.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Daniel J. O'Connor

Daniel J. O'Connor Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) November 14, 2022

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULES 13A-14(A) AND 15D-14(A) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, David S. Briones, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Larkspur Health Acquisition Corp.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ David S. Briones

David S. Briones Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) November 14, 2022

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q Larkspur Health Acquisition Corp. (the "Company") for the quarter ended September 30, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Daniel J. O'Connor, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Daniel J. O'Connor

Daniel J. O'Connor Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) November 14, 2022

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q Larkspur Health Acquisition Corp. (the "Company") for the quarter ended September 30, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, David S. Briones, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ David S. Briones

David S. Briones Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) November 14, 2022